Generic School Risk Assessment



Operations/Work Activities covered by this assessment:	GENERIC WHOLE COLLEGE		
Site Address/Location:	Melton Vale Sixth Form College	Department/Service/Team:	Whole College

Hazards	Who might be	Existing Control	Ris	Risk Rating		Further action Step 3	Actions	Step 4 (Cla	use 3.4)	Ris	k Ratir	ng
Considered	harmed and how	Measures:	Likelihood	Severity	Risk Rating	Consider hierarchy of controls i.e. elimination, substitution, engineering controls, signage/warning and/or administrative controls, (PPE as a last resort)	who (Name)	when (Date)	complete (Date)	Likelihood	Severity	Risk Rating
Access and Egres	ss – (Including car parks, cor	ridors, entrances and exits an	d ext	ernal	area	s)						
Slips and trips	Staff, pupils, visitors and contractors may be injured as a result of a slip or trip on: damaged carpets /mats, spillages items of equipment obstructing walkways surfaces inside or outside of the building. ice in winter weather This may result in bumps and blows, bruising and fractures.	Visual inspection of surfaces, walkways and doors to be conducted as part of site walk round. Spillages to be cleaned up immediately as identified (if not possible to clean up immediately then area should be isolated). Staff and students to wear suitable, appropriate footwear. Efforts made to grit external floors in icy weather. Defected areas to be highlighted and cordoned off where possible.				Litter pick daily. Housekeeping regime undertaken by Premises Officer, day time and evening cleaning staff. Actions taken for remedial work to be undertaken to resolve defects within acceptable timeframe.	PO/Cleaning team SBM/PO	Daily Ad hoc on a needs basis	Daily			

Version 5.1 Page 1 of 12

Hazards	Who might be	Existing Control	Ris	sk Rati	ing	Further action Step 3	Actions	Step 4 (Cla	use 3.4)	Ris	k Ratii	ng
Considered	harmed and how	Measures:	Likelihood	Severity	Risk Rating	Consider hierarchy of controls i.e. elimination, substitution, engineering controls, signage/warning and/or administrative controls, (PPE as a last resort)	who (Name)	when (Date)	complete (Date)	Likelihood	Severity	Risk Rating
Contact with vehicles	Staff, pupils or visitors in the car park may be struck by a moving vehicle resulting in bumps / blows, fractures, fatality and entrapment between items.	Speed limits displayed and enforced where necessary. Designated walkways established Segregation of pupils and visitors from traffic routes and moving vehicles. Staff working in car park to wear vis-vests conforming to BS EN 471 standard. Staff informed to take care when driving into the premises. Large vehicles such as waste collection to attend out of college hours.										
Exposure to inclement weather	Staff may suffer from conditions of hypothermia and sun burn and dehydration as a result of working in external areas for long periods of time.	Avoid working in an external area for a long period of time. The occasions when this will be necessary are very limited. Access to drinking water provided. Suitable clothing to be worn by staff. Regular communication with staff to take place in extremes of temperature.										
Falling items from height	Staff, pupils and visitors may be injured as a result of items falling / being thrown from stairs and high level walkways. This may result in bumps, blows, bruising and lacerations.	Adequate hand rails installed on staircases. Adequate barriers installed on first floor to the open side of the walkway. Due disciplined behaviour of staff and pupils Due care of staff, pupils and visitors when walking on stairs.				Maintain regular checking schedule and record on facilities management portal.	PO	Weekly/ Monthly	Weekly/ Monthly			

Version 5.1 Page 2 of 12

Hazards	Who might be	Existing Control	Ris	Risk Rating		Further action Step 3	Actions	Step 4 (Cla	use 3.4)	Risk Rat		ng
Considered	harmed and how	Measures:	Likelihood	Severity	Risk Rating	Consider hierarchy of controls i.e. elimination, substitution, engineering controls, signage/warning and/or administrative controls, (PPE as a last resort)	who (Name)	when (Date)	complete (Date)	Likelihood	Severity	Risk Rating
Falls from height	Staff, pupils and visitors may be injured as a result of a fall from a high level walkway, window or a slip/trip down the stairs. This may result in bumps and blows, fractures and potentially fatality.	Adequate hand rails installed on staircases. Adequate barriers installed on first floor to the open side of the walkway. Lifts provided and maintained for people with mobility difficulties. Window restrictions in place where appropriate.				Staff and contractor access to the roof will be separately risk assessed.	SBM	September 2020	September 2020			
Contact with people and property	Staff, pupils, and visitors may be injured as a result of making contact with large obstructive items and other people walking through the school. This may result in bumps and blows, bruising and possibly lacerations.	Traffic system implemented within schools. E.g. Walk on the left hand side of the corridor. Due courtesy of staff, pupils and visitors when moving through site. Lifts provided and maintained for people with mobility difficulties. The turnstiles regularise flow of large numbers at entry/exits of the buildings.										

Version 5.1 Page 3 of 12

Hazards	Who might be	Existing Control	Risk Rating		ng	Further action Step 3	Actions	Step 4 (Cla	use 3.4)	Ris	k Ratii	ng
Considered	harmed and how	Measures:	ikelihood	Severity	Risk Rating	Consider hierarchy of controls i.e. elimination, substitution, engineering controls, signage/warning and/or administrative controls, (PPE as a last resort)	who (Name)	when (Date)	complete (Date)	Likelihood	Severity	Risk Rating
Site Security	Staff, pupils, visitors and contractors may be injured as a result of physical and emotional harm from intruders, damage to property and if absconding.	Perimeter fences designed to prevent unauthorised site access/egress and maintained in a good condition. All visitors are directed to a secure entrance, required to sign in and wear badges. Supervision provided to visitors / contractors where appropriate. Staff to identify and challenge when badges are not worn. Safeguarding policy in place and followed by all staff. Procedures in place for emergency situations and staff aware of their roles / responsibilities. Security measures are in place e.g. lighting, alarms and are maintained. Arrangements and specific risk assessments use of building out of hours. CCTV in place.		S	<i>x</i>	Maintain regular checking schedule and record on facilities management portal.	PO	Weekly/ Monthly	Weekly/ Monthly		S	æ
Classroom Activi		Adamsta successive and						T	I			
Violence and aggression	Staff and pupils may suffer stress, bruising and potentially fractures if violent incidents occur during teaching / learning activities. (Staff may identify that pupils have been subject to violence outside of school activities)	Adequate supervision and awareness of pupil behaviours at all times. Staff aware of safeguarding pupils reporting procedures and designated safeguarding officer.										

Version 5.1 Page 4 of 12

Hazards	Who might be	Existing Control	Ri	sk Rat	ing	Further action Step 3	Actions	Step 4 (Cla	use 3.4)	Ris	k Ratir	ng
Considered	harmed and how	Measures:	Likelihood	Severity	Risk Rating	Consider hierarchy of controls i.e. elimination, substitution, engineering controls, signage/warning and/or administrative controls, (PPE as a last resort)	who (Name)	when (Date)	complete (Date)	Likelihood	Severity	Risk Rating
Stress	Staff and pupils may be subject to stress as a result of increased workload, lack of communication, emotional involvement with pupils and staff, disruptive pupils and violence and aggression. This may result in negative emotional, behavioural and physiological characteristics.	Open door policy implemented with Head Teacher and staff. Staff encouraged to express any stressful concerns in team meetings. Line managers to monitor workloads and consider implementing support mechanisms for staff who may feel stressed. Time allocated for staff to prepare for lessons and engage in other activities outside of the classroom. Regular term time breaks from work activities. Head Teachers to engage in regular liaison with governors. Absence management procedures in place to respond to staff needs and support. Support for staff available through Westfield health scheme.										

Version 5.1 Page **5** of **12**

Hazards	Who might be	Existing Control	Ris	Risk Rating		Further action Step 3	Actions	Step 4 (Cla	use 3.4)	Ris	k Rati	ng
Considered	harmed and how	Measures:	Likelihood	Severity	Risk Rating	Consider hierarchy of controls i.e. elimination, substitution, engineering controls, signage/warning and/or administrative controls, (PPE as a last resort)	who (Name)	when (Date)	complete (Date)	Likelihood	Severity	Risk Rating
Contact with substances	Teaching staff and pupils may come into contact with substances during classroom activities. Such substances include science chemicals, paints, cleaning substances and design technology substances such as adhesives. Such injuries may result in eye and skin irritation, burns and breathing difficulties.	Separate COSHH assessments conducted for all harmful substances. All hazardous substances should be stored in a locked area that is not accessible to students. Pupils instructed on the safe use of particular substances. Safety Eyewear conforming to BS EN 166 supplied where required. Protective aprons and gloves to be worn where required. CLEAPSS guidance available for all substances used in Science and D&T areas. Liaison with other contractors / premise users to ensure that there are no conflicting substances used on site. MSDS sheets and hazcards available with substances where applicable.										
Burns / Scalds	Staff / Pupils may be injured as a result of contact with hot substances / surfaces in the classroom. For example, using soldering irons, glue guns, kettles and hot drinks.	Hot drinks to be kept away from pupils at all times and not to be carried across the classroom. No kettles to be kept in classrooms. All pupils instructed in the safe use of tools and equipment and provided with PPE where required. Additional risk assessment in place for higher risk activities.										
Contact with sharp edges	Staff and pupils may come into contact with sharp edges on furniture and scissors resulting in cuts and scratches.	Visual inspections to occur on a regular basis to ensure that no sharp edges are present on furniture.				Maintain regular checking schedule and record on facilities management portal.	PO	Weekly/ monthly	Weekly/ monthly			

Version 5.1 Page 6 of 12

Hazards	Who might be	Existing Control	Ri	sk Rati	ng	Further action Step 3	Actions	Step 4 (Cla	use 3.4)	Ris	k Ratir	ng
Considered	harmed and how	Measures:	ikelihood	Severity	Risk Rating	Consider hierarchy of controls i.e. elimination, substitution, engineering controls, signage/warning and/or administrative controls, (PPE as a last resort)	who (Name)	when (Date)	complete (Date)	ikelihood	Severity	Risk Rating
Contact with electricity	Staff and pupils may be injured as a result of contact with electricity from damaged cables / plugs / switches etc. This may result in electrocution which can	School to arrange PAT testing of all portable electronic items of equipment in line with own risk assessment. Periodic "Hardwire" test of		O)	<u></u>						U)	
	potentially result in death.	mains circuitry to be conducted on a 5 year basis.										
		ALL category 1/2 defects to be rectified as soon as possible.										
		Visual inspection of all plugs cables and sockets before use of any electrical equipment. Any damage / defects to be reported to premise duty holder.										
Falling items from height	Staff and pupils may be injured as a result of items stored at high level falling onto them. This may result in bumps, blows, bruising,	Avoid storing items at height. Where absolutely unavoidable, only light items to be stored at height.										
	concussion and potentially fractures.	Only adults to reach for items stored at height ensuring that no pupils are below the potential "drop zone."										
		Items at height to be stored in a sensible manner to ensure that the potential for falls is limited.										
		Suitable access equipment to be provided and maintained for staff to access items stored at height.										
		Ladders to being used by trained staff only in line with college risk assessment.										

Version 5.1 Page 7 of 12

Hazards	Who might be	Existing Control	Ris	sk Rati	ng	Further action Step 3	Actions	Step 4 (Cla	use 3.4)	Ris	k Ratii	ng
Considered	harmed and how	Measures:	Likelihood	Severity	Risk Rating	Consider hierarchy of controls i.e. elimination, substitution, engineering controls, signage/warning and/or administrative controls, (PPE as a last resort)	who (Name)	when (Date)	complete (Date)	Likelihood	Severity	Risk Rating
Contact with people and property	Staff and pupils may suffer minor injuries as a result of making physical contact with property, furniture and other people within the work area. These injuries may include minor bruises, bumps and blows.	All walkways to be kept tidy at all times. Due courtesy and respect of staff and pupils for their fellow staff / pupils. All furniture to be situated so as to cause minimum obstruction to personnel accessing and egressing classrooms.										
Use of equipment	Staff and pupils may be injured as a result of contact with moving equipment, interactive computer equipment and all other classroom equipment. Such injuries may include cuts, lacerations, electric shock and eye strain / irritation.	All equipment visually inspected prior to use and condemned until repaired / replaced if any defects noticed. PPE to be provided where required. Training and instruction given to all staff and pupils who operate the equipment. Pupils to be supervised when using equipment. No loose hair, clothing or jewellery to be worn when using equipment. Trailing cables to be secured to prevent trips.										
Computer Suites	s, Offices and Reprographics Staff and pupils may be	All portable ICT equipment to be						l	1			
Electricity	injured as a result of making contact with defective electrical computer equipment. Such injuries may include electrocution, burns and potentially death.	subject to a PAT test schedule in line with college's RA. All equipment visually inspected prior to use and any defective equipment not to be used until repaired. "Hardwire" test of main circuitry to be conducted on a 5 yearly basis.										

Version 5.1 Page 8 of 12

Hazards	Who might be	Existing Control	Ri	Risk Rating		Further action Step 3	Actions	Step 4 (Cla	use 3.4)	Ris	k Rati	ng
Considered	harmed and how	Measures:	Likelihood	Severity	Risk Rating	Consider hierarchy of controls i.e. elimination, substitution, engineering controls, signage/warning and/or administrative controls, (PPE as a last resort)	who (Name)	when (Date)	complete (Date)	Likelihood	Severity	Risk Rating
DSE	Staff and pupils may suffer musculoskeletal disorders as a result of incorrect postural set-up of workstations. Such injuries may include eye strains, RSI's, back pain, carpal tunnel syndrome etc.	All workstations set up to consider anthropometrics and ergonomics of particular age groups. Adequate lighting, temperature and ventilation. Regular breaks to be taken to ensure DSE users are not maintaining unsuitable postures. Leg room available beneath desks. Pupils encouraged not to rest		V	<u>u</u>					-	V'	
Slips and trips	Staff and pupils may be subject to a slip or trip as a result of being obstructed by chairs, furniture or other people. This may result in bumps, blows and potentially fractures.	wrists on the edge of tables. Pupils instructed to keep chairs suitably tucked in when using computers. All equipment to be positioned to ensure that no computer equipment can obstruct a walkway. Visual inspections of floor area to be conducted before commencement of each working day.										

Version 5.1 Page 9 of 12

Emergency Situ	ıations			
First aid	In the event of an accident,	Adequate number of first aiders		
	injury, or emergency situation, staff, pupils and visitors may	and emergency first aiders available in school.		
	suffer as a result of			
	inadequate first aid provision	First aiders always available on		
	or incorrect first aid treatment.	educational visits.		
	treatment.	Training issued and refreshed		
		continually to first aiders.		
		Final aid hite suitable standard		
		First aid kits suitably stocked.		
		First aid kits situated throughout		
		the school.		
		First aid kits regularly checked to		
		ensure adequate provisions are		
		available.		
		School awareness of method for		
		contacting the emergency		
Fina	Staff, pupils, visitors,	services. Local Fire Risk Assessment		
Fire	contractors and members of	conducted in school. More		
	the public may be subject to	detailed controls contained		
	serious injury / death in the	within.		
	event of a fire.	Emergency action plan devised,		
		communicated and tested.		
		All tables and a second		
		All visitors made aware of nearest fire exits and assembly		
		points.		
		Fine Cofety Assessment to the		
		Fire Safety Awareness training provided for staff.		
		provided for starr.		
		Staff and pupils aware of the		
		procedures to be taken in the		
		event of discovering a fire / hearing the fire alarm.		
		Fire Action Notices are		
		displayed.		
		Suitable firefighting equipment		
		is provided, suitably positioned		
		and maintained i.e. fire blanket,		
		fire extinguishers etc.		

Version 5.1 Page 10 of 12

Bomb evacuation	Staff, pupils, visitors, contractors and members of the public may be subject to serious injury / death in the event of a bomb detonation or failure to escape during a bomb evacuation.	Emergency evacuation procedures effectively communicated and tested throughout school. Alternative assembly point for bomb evacuations.										
Property damage	Staff, pupils, visitors, contractors and members of the public may suffer injury in the event that significant property damage may pose a risk. Such damage may include asbestos damage, structural insecurity, broken / missing windows, loose roof tiles etc The resulting consequences of such defects can be fatal.	Regular premise inspections conducted to identify any issues with the property's fabric. Regular checks of asbestos on site conducted and recorded to monitor its condition. If major damage is noted, area cordoned off to prevent access to an area where one's safety is at risk. Efforts made to rectify problems immediately. Further assessment to be conducted if a dangerous property issue arises.										
Manual Handling	Staff may be injured as a result of using incorrect lifting techniques and attempting to lift heavy/cumbersome loads. Such injuries may result in: Sprains Back Injuries Muscular Skeletal Disorders (MSDs)	Staff to receive Manual Handling training. Shared lifting practices to be adopted where appropriate. Large / heavy items to be assessed before handling. Lifting and Handling aids to be provided where necessary. Formal assessments of manual handling activities to be conducted for routine activities where there is a significant need.				Audit of requirements and schedule of Health and Safety training to be drawn up and implemented, followed up with annual refreshers.	SBM	Decem 2020	ber			
Consider if any additi	onal hazards are created and conti	ol measures are required if this activ	/ity is ι	underta	aken ir	non-routine or emergency conditions	Review Date (Step 5) :	01/09/20	021		
Assessors Signature:	MNewal	Date: 01/09/2020 Reviewed: 01/09/2021				Authorised By:				01/09/2020 ved: 01/09/20	21	

Version 5.1 Page 11 of 12

Harm	High (e.g. death or paralysis, long term serious ill health)	Medium	High	High
Potential Severity of	Medium (an injury requiring further medical assistance or is a RIDDOR incident)	Low	Medium	High
Potent	Low (minor injuries requiring first aid)	Low	Low	Medium
		Low (The event is unlikely to happen)	Medium (It is fairly likely it will happen)	High (It is likely to happen)
		Likelihood of Harm Occurring		

Risk Definitions				
Low	Controls are adequate, no further action required, but ensure controls are monitored and any changes reassessed.			
Medium	Consideration should be given as to whether the risks can be reduced using the hierarchy of control measures. Risk reduction measures should be implemented within a defined time periods. Arrangements should be made to ensure that the controls are maintained and monitored for adequacy.			
High	Substantial improvements should be made to reduce the level to an acceptable level. Risk reduction measures should be implemented urgently with a defined period. Consider suspending or restricting the activity, or applying interim risks controls. Activities in this category must have a written method statement/safe system of work and arrangements must be made to ensure that the controls are maintained and monitored for adequacy.			

Version 5.1 Page 12 of 12